

### Historic District Commission Staff Report: Courtesy Review HDC2013-00596, 23 Wall Street

**MEETING DATE**: 9/20/12

REPORT DATE: 9/13/12

FROM: Robin D. Ziek, Preservation Planner,

Planning, CPDS 240.314.8236

rziek@rockvillemd.gov

**APPLICATION** Courtesy Review **DESCRIPTION**:

APPLICANT: James and Melissa Schaller

8009 Brethren Drive Gaithersburg, MD 20879

RE: 23 Wall Street, Construction of New

Dwelling

FILING DATE: 8/3/12

RECOMMENDATION: The HDC should review the proposed new construction and provide comments. The

applicant will apply for a Certificate of Approval for construction of a new single family

dwelling, in addition to other City-required permits.

EXECUTIVE
SUMMARY:
The applicant proposes construction of a new house on a property that has long been associated as a side let to the 1803 Victorian bases at 31 Well Street had in

associated as a side lot to the 1892 Victorian house at 21 Wall Street, but is now a buildable lot. The applicant seeks HDC comments to assure compatibility of the new

construction with the designated West Montgomery Avenue Historic District.

7. Building Standards (ZO 25.10.05)

8. Driveway apron detail9. Tree Survey 201010. Application

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### **RECOMMENDATION**

The HDC should review the proposed new construction and provide comments. The next step will be an application for a Certificate of Approval for construction of a new single family dwelling.

### SITE DESCRIPTION

**Location:** 23 Wall Street

**Applicant:** James and Melissa Schaller

**Zoning District:** R-90 HD (substandard lot: sideyard setbacks to R-75 standard per Sec.

25.03.4(b)(iii)) (Attach 7)

Parcel Area: 7,140 sf

**Subdivision:** R. T. Veirs Addition to Rockville (Lot 23)

### **Vicinity**

Surrounding Land Use and Zoning							
Location	Zoning	Planned Land Use	Existing Use				
North	R-90 HD	Detached, Restricted Residential Historic District overlay	Detached, Restricted Residential				
East	R-90 HD	Detached, Restricted Residential Historic District overlay	Detached, Restricted Residential				
South	R-90 HD	Detached, Restricted Residential Historic District overlay	Detached, Restricted Residential				
West	R-90	Detached, Restricted Residential	Detached, Restricted Residential				



Site, looking West



Site, looking East

### Site Analysis:

The subject property has long been associated with the 1892 Victorian house at 21 Wall Street but was created by deed separately (Attach 4). It is, however, a record lot, having been approved as a record lot by the Planning Commission in 2010, and subsequently recorded. The West Montgomery Avenue Historic District extends on both sides of Wall Street to Potomac Street and includes this vacant property. The homes in the historic district along Wall Street were built over time, from 1887 – 1933; and, this part of the historic district comprises an excellent collection of late 19<sup>th</sup> and early 20<sup>th</sup> century homes.



21 Wall Street





25 Wall St. (1892)

12 Wall Street (1920)



22 Wall Street (1924)



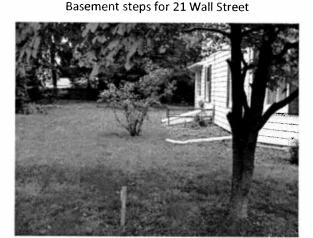
11 Wall Street (1933)

The subject property is a relatively flat lot measuring 51' x 140' (7,140 sf). The property is generally open, with trees and shrubs along the perimeter, including a generous planting of Leatherleaf Mahonia in the southeast corner of the property. A Tree Inventory provided by the City Forester's office indicates a range of trees and their condition (Attach 9). The large red oak tree on the south property line is in good condition and is a dominant feature of the property. Construction at the site will impact this tree.

There is a low privet hedge along the front sidewalk and a curb cut will be required to provide off-street parking for this property. The curb cut flare can be modified in the field to adjust to site conditions, including having the driveway run along a property line (Attach 8). The basement steps for the house at 21 Wall Street extend to the north property line of the subject property, which may cause difficulty for these neighboring properties. These basement steps may need to be redirected so people can remain completely on this property when they exit the basement steps.



Large red oak tree at south property line



### DISCUSSION OF THE PROPOSED PROJECT and MATERIALS

The applicants propose a modified front-gable "kit" house to suit the lot (Attach 10-14ff), and a detached garage. The new house measures 31' x 51.5' and the detached single-car garage measures 15' x 20' (Attach J-18). The overall massing is relatively simple and rectangular, with small projections on the front and rear. The two-bay front elevation includes a covered front entrance with a single-width front door surrounded with sidelights and a transom, and shallow (4') two-story front porch with French doors and flanking windows and transom windows on both the first and second stories. Tuscan columns are proposed on the porch and at the front door.

The proposed height is noted as 31'-10.5" from the finished first floor level to the ridge line, so that the actual height of the house will be higher by the additional height of the foundation. The City requires at least a 6" foundation and additional separation between the ground and the non-masonry building materials is desirable. At this location, however, the height of the house is a compatibility issue in the historic district, and the overall height should be set as low as is feasible.

### Massing and Design

The overall massing of the house appears to be compatible with the historic district. The use of the separate garage building reduces the overall length of the house and creates a grouping of buildings that is compatible to the historic district, where outbuildings are common. The proposed location for the driveway along the north edge of the property is also the best location on the site, given the extensive plantings along the south property line (Attach 10-8). Two cedar trees at the rear are proposed to be removed to accommodate construction of the garage (Attach 10-10).

The house evokes a traditional design without copying any particular style. This complies with guidance on new construction in a historic district, in that buildings should reflect their own time (Attach 5-1). The use of the two-story porch is not typical in Rockville, although there are examples of 2<sup>nd</sup> story covered balconies in Victorian architecture, as well as 2<sup>nd</sup> story decks over full-width front porches. The depth of the porches (four feet) in combination with the use of French doors and side windows on both the first and second stories makes this more a decorative element. On a larger scale, these porches might function more as outdoor rooms, but at the proposed scale, they will serve to provide additional light to the interior rooms. The smaller scale is desirable in the historic district, in order to avoid overshadowing the adjacent historic buildings to either side.

Materials (Attach 10-4; 10-32ff) - The following materials are proposed:

HardiPlank siding (fiber-cement board) – can be stained, painted; new or deteriorated-wood appearance available

Thermatru (Fiberglas) Doors – can be stained, painted

Andersen Windows (wood and vinyl) – also comes in aluminum and wood Fiberglas Roofing shingles

Parged concrete foundation

Exterior stairs and trim: wood and Boral TruExterior Trim (polymer + ash)

Porch flooring – concrete and slate (Attach J-33)

Chimney – sided with HardiPlank clapboard

The use of substitute materials in new construction has been approved in the past to the extent that the materials closely replicate historic materials and serve to differentiate the new construction from the historical construction.

The test for substitute materials is noted in *Tech Guide #15: Substitute Materials*, "... the new material should match the material being replaced in composition, design, color, texture and other visual properties." In the case of porch and house trim, the original material that is being "matched" is typically wood.

The HDC has not approved pvc products in the past as they do not match wood in the above characteristics, and they are therefore not recommended as compatible in a historic district. On the other hand, the HDC has approved the use of HardiPlank on new additions within our local historic districts because it is applied in a manner similar to wood clapboards, and it can be painted as is wood. The new, or smooth, wood appearance has always been recommended over the deteriorated-wood look.

The HDC has approved the use of aluminum-clad wood windows because the substrate is such that the window profiles match that of wood windows, and aluminum can also be painted like wood. Staff notes that there are thermally-glazed wood windows available, which can be a good choice over time as the solid wood materials do not deteriorate in the same fashion as a clad window, where water can be trapped behind the cladding.

Using a wood siding substitute material for the chimney is not recommended in a historic district, as siding is a combustible material and chimneys were necessarily built of non-combustible materials. Brick or other masonry materials are recommended in a historic district for compatibility with the historic properties in the district. The applicant notes that a brick chimney would require its own footing in an area with existing plant material and they seek to minimize ground disturbance here. Staff suggests that facebrick (thin brick veneer) could be applied to the chimney chase in a manner similar to tile and would serve both to avoid the extra foundation and avoid the use of clapboard-type material.

#### **COMMUNITY OUTREACH**

Posting of sign on property 8/7/12.

Postcard notices sent out two weeks prior to meeting

Staff report posted on City's web site one week prior to meeting

### STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Staff recommends that the Secretary of the Interior's Standard #9 applies: New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction will not destroy historic materials, features, and spatial relationships that characterize the property. The new work will be differentiated from the old and will be compatible with the historic materials, features, size, scale and proportion, and massing to protect the integrity of the property and its environment.

While new construction at this site does not retain the spatial relationship of open space between the historic properties in the historic district, the new design is sufficiently differentiated from the flanking 19<sup>th</sup> century resources and will be readily interpreted as new 21<sup>st</sup> century construction. In this way, the original spacing of the Victorian homes will be "legible."

The height and massing of the proposed new construction are generally compatible with the district to avoid overshadowing the historic properties. Staff recommends that the applicant proceed with the application, and incorporate the suggestions of the HDC into the final drawings. Staff recommended changes include use of smooth-finish siding, masonry chimney material, wood windows, HardiPlank door and window trim, wood porch railings, with all wood materials to be painted.

Staff notes that the City has established environmental permitting and review for new construction, including stormwater and sediment control, and tree save measures. Staff recommends that the applicant contact a certifed arborist and, in consultation with the City Forester, take all necessary steps to preserve the red oak tree and other mature plant material on the site as much as possible.

### Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation

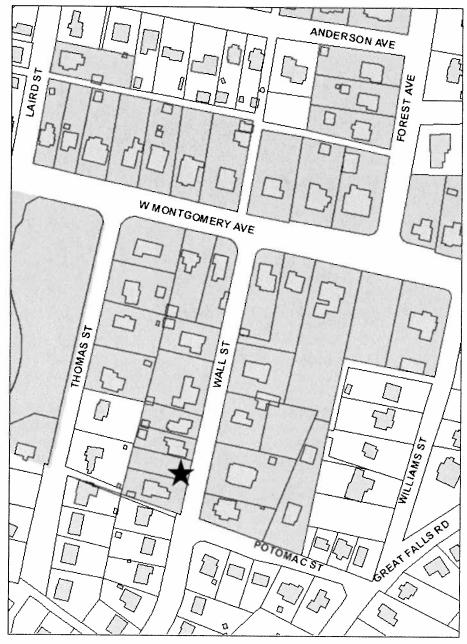
- 1. A property will be used as it was historically or be given a new use that requires minimal change to its distinctive materials, features, spaces, and spatial relationships.
- 2. The historic character of a property will be retained and preserved. The removal of distinctive materials or alteration of features, spaces, and spatial relationships that characterize a property will be avoided.
- 3. Each property will be recognized as a physical record of its time, place, and use. Changes that create a false sense of historical development, such as adding conjectural features or elements from other historic properties, will not be undertaken.
- 4. Changes to a property that have acquired historic significance in their own right will be retained and preserved.
- 5. Distinctive materials, features, finishes, and construction techniques or examples of craftsmanship that characterize a property will be preserved.
- 6. Deteriorated historic features will be repaired rather than replaced. Where the severity of deterioration requires replacement of a distinctive feature, the new feature will match the old in design, color, texture, and, where possible, materials. Replacement of missing features will be substantiated by documentary and physical evidence.
- 7. Chemical or physical treatments, if appropriate, will be undertaken using the gentlest means possible. Treatments that cause damage to historic materials will not be used.
- 8. Archeological resources will be protected and preserved in place. If such resources must be disturbed, mitigation measures will be undertaken.
- 9. New additions, exterior alterations, or related new construction will not destroy historic materials, features, and spatial relationships that characterize the property. The new work will be differentiated from the old and will be compatible with the historic materials, features, size, scale and proportion, and massing to protect the integrity of the property and its environment.
- 10. New additions and adjacent or related new construction will be undertaken in such a manner that, if removed in the future, the essential form and integrity of the historic property and its environment would be unimpaired.

### **AERIAL PHOTO**



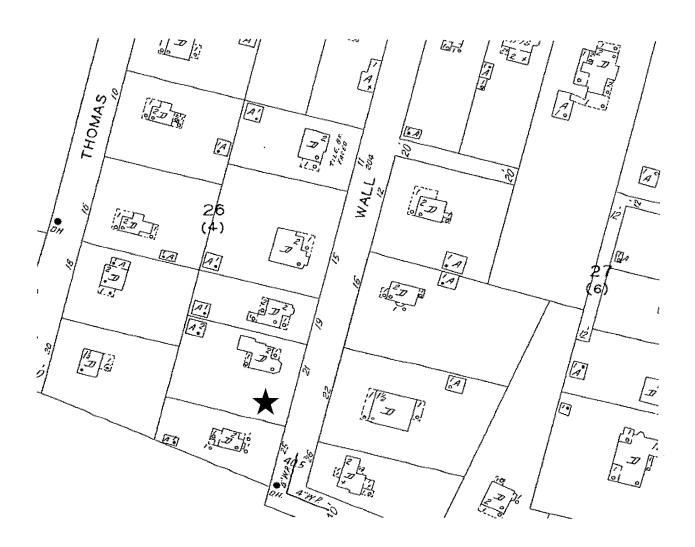
### HISTORIC DISTRICT MAP

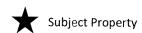
### 21 Wall Street Courtesy Review - New Construction



9/13/12

### Sanborn Fire Insurance Maps: 1949-7





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### 5: New Construction

### Background

The construction of new buildings can be important to a growing and dynamic community. However, the new design can either detract from or add to the setting of a historic district. The Historic District Commission carefully reviews applications for new construction within historic districts, as well as new construction on the perimeter of historic districts.

In considering appropriate design and placement of new construction within a historic district, it is important to look at the *streetscape*. The streetscape is the overall character of the street created by such elements as lot size, setbacks, scale, massing and style as well as tree locations or garden walls.



The Historic District Commission tries to assure that a proposed new building fits in with the rest of the streetscape. The orientation, roof lines, fenestration, plantings, and other exterior features should be consistent with the surrounding historic resources.

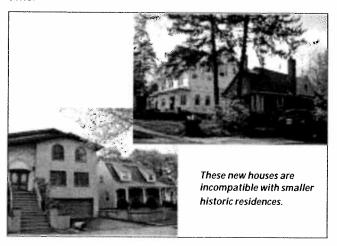
It also is important that the scale of a new building be compatible with, and representative of, other buildings on the street. Historic buildings often are smaller than meets today's expectations. It is important for new buildings to respect the scale of surrounding historic structures. In designing a new building in a typical historic district, one should try to match the historic roof heights, and gain additional living space by extending back into the lot.

New construction should reflect the 21st century while respecting size, scale, massing and materials found within the



Compatible new home between two early homes

district, rather than competing with the historic structures. In such a way, complementary new construction becomes part of the fabric of the district, marking changes in the City over time.



Existing mature trees contribute to the overall historic setting and should be retained to the maximum extent possible. New landscape designs should complement the overall district (see City's *Technical Guide # 7*).

### **HDC Policy**

The Historic District Commission recommends the following practices:

- 1. Design a new building that is similar in scale and massing to others on the street.
- 2. Keep mature trees on the property to the maximum extent possible.
- Mechanical equipment must be placed in an unobtrusive location (typically at the rear or side), and must be properly screened.
- 4. When excavating for the new construction, be alert to possible archaeological resources that may yield historic information for the City. Call City HDC staff for guidance.

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### 5: New Construction (continued)

### HDC Policy (continued)

- 5. Utilize the Historic District Commission courtesy review process to assist you in designing a new home.
- Ensure that the new building complies with all zoning requirements.

### Certificate of Approval

A Certificate of Approval application must include the following:

- Site plan showing all mature trees, driveway, walkways and outbuildings
- Elevations
- Floor plans
- · Schedule of materials
- · Architectural details
- · Landscape plan and extent of grading
- Photographs of the surrounding buildings and streetscape features

### Tax Credit Information

Tax credits do not apply to new construction.

### Contact Us

For additional information and questions, please contact: Historic District Commission Department of Community Planning and Development Services

Rockville City Hall 111 Maryland Avenue Rockville, MD 20850 240-314-8230 voice 240-314-8210 fax history@rockvillemd.gov

### Additional information

Adopted Architectural Design Guidelines for the Exterior Rehabilitation of Buildings in Rockville's Historic Districts, Rockville Historic District Commission, 1977.

Secretary of the Interior's Standards and Guidelines for Rehabilitation, National Park Service, 1995 www2.cr.nps.gov/tps/standguide/rehab/rehab\_index.htm

NPS Preservation Briefs Series at www2.cr.nps.gov/tps/briefs/presbhom.htm

No. 17 - Architectural Character

A Practical Series for the Preservation and Maintenance of Rockville's Historic Resources

# 15: Substitute Materials: Artifical Siding, vinyl windows, plastic fencing, etc.

### Background

"The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation require that "deteriorated architectural features be repaired rather than replaced, wherever possible. In the event that replacement is necessary, the new material should match the material being replaced in composition, design, color, texture and other visual properties." Substitute materials should be used only on a limited basis and only when they will match the appearance and general properties of the historic material and will not damage the historic resource." 1

As the global population grows, and natural resources diminish, manufactured products are being produced to fill the gap. As noted by the National Park Service (NPS), the use of more common materials in imitation of more expensive and less available materials is a long-standing tradition. George Washington, for example, used sand impregnated paint at Mount Vernon to imitate cut ashlar stone.

Sometimes, the artificial products have special merit in their own right, and address factors such as material weight, cost and availability. However, recognizing that historic structures are a limited and valued cultural resource, the National Park Service recommends: "When deteriorated, damaged, or lost features of a historic building need repair or replacement, it is almost always best to use historic materials."

Substitute materials that have been commonly used in the recent past include rigid asbestos shingles for siding (1940s), flexible asbestos shingles for roofing (1900s) and aluminum siding to cover wood clapboard (1950s). On historic structures, these materials were typically installed over historic materials to hide maintenance problems such as moisture damage or peeling paint, or to provide a low-cost replacement for higher cost natural materials. In most instances, the original materials are still intact beneath the later installation.

To find a broader audience, substitute materials were designed to replicate historic materials. One measure of

their market success is the degree to which the substitute materials fool the eye so that people assume there have been no changes. Over time, product manufacturers have adapted their products to more closely approximate the appearance of historic materials, but crucial differences remain. These includes apparent lack of sturdiness displayed by many artificial materials due to their reduced thickness, such as for aluminum or vinyl siding and asphalt roofing shingles. New materials are often more flexible than the original materials, such as when vinyl siding is compared to wood siding. The new materials are often in smaller pieces, so there are new "match lines" that would not have been apparent with historic materials. Sometimes there is overcompensation with the attempts to replicate a historic condition, such as offering the look of weathered and deteriorated wood siding with a "wood grained look" presented in a new vinyl material.

In considering whether a particular substitute material will complement the historic structure, one must fully understand the properties of both the structure and the original and substitute materials, taking into account characteristics such as expected longevity and moisture permeability. It also is important to consider the method of installation of the substitute materials, as well as their potential effect on adjacent historic materials. Finally, one should consider the projected life of the substitute material, and consider the timetable and the effects of their removal and replacement at such point when that becomes necessary.

Even the NPS agrees that the use of substitute materials may be warranted under the following specific conditions: "1) the unavailability of historic materials; 2) the unavailability of skilled craftsmen; 3) inherent flaws in the original materials; and 4) code-required changes. Cost may be a determining factor in considering the use of substitute materials. Depending on the area of the country, the amount of material needed and the projected life of less durable substitute materials, it may be cheaper in the long run to use the original material, even though it may be harder to find."

<sup>1</sup> The Use of Substitute Materials on Historic Building Exteriors, Sharon C. Park, AIA, NPS Preservation

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# 15: Substitute Materials (continued)

### **HDC Policy**

- Original materials shall be repaired and maintained in historic districts. Repairs and replacement with in-kind materials are encouraged, and qualify for tax credits.
- Correction of problems that have led to deterioration of historic structures, such as faulty gutters, shall be taken into consideration in an application to install substitute materials.
- If the original materials are deteriorated beyond repair, consideration for a comparable substitute material will be given. The substitute material must be a close match in appearance and functionality to the original materials.

### Certificate of Approval

- · Justification for use of substitute materials
- Photographs of the deteriorated condition of the historic fabric
- Contractor bids for replacement in-kind and for proposed alternative material
- Specifications and samples of the proposed substitute material
- Description of method of application

### Tax Credit Information

Tax credits may apply. To maintain eligibility, please have before and after photographs of the work. Obtain HDC approval prior to undertaking the work if a COA is required, and make sure you follow all zoning requirements. Work done without a required HDC Certificate of Approval is not eligible for the tax credits. Forms are available on the City Web site or at the CPDS information desk.

### Contact Us

For additional information and questions, please contact: Historic District Commission Department of Community Planning and Development Services

Rockville City Hall 111 Maryland Avenue Rockville, MD 20850 240-314-8230 voice 240-314-8210 fax history@rockvillemd.gov

### Additional information

Adopted Architectural Design Guidelines for the Exterior Rehabilitation of Buildings in Rockville's Historic Districts, September 1977, Rockville Historic District Commission, 44, 70-71, and Appendix 4.

Secretary of the Interior's Standards and Guidelines for Rehabilitation, (1995), National Park Service (NPS), U.S. Department of Interior, www2.cr.nps.gov/tps/standguide.

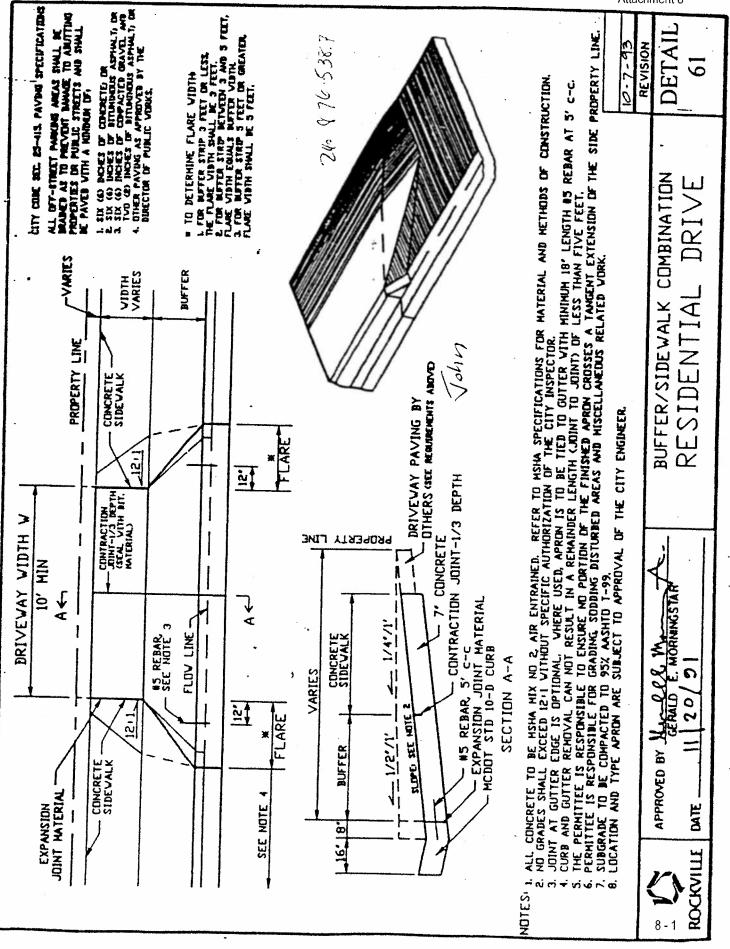
Preservation Brief # 16: The Use of Substitute Materials on Historic Building Exteriors.

### $25.10.05\,- Development\,Standards$

 ${\it a.} \ \ \textit{Table of Development Standards}$ 

				Building Envelope Requirements					Lot Coverage				
	Mini	Minimum Lot Dimensions			Minimum Setbacks								
				Front		Side Re		Rear	1	Max. Lot Coverage			
Zone	Area	Width at Front Setback Line	Width at Front Lot Line	Standard	Where established setback exceeds standard (See Sec. 25.10.05.e.2)	Where street abuts	Where land abuts		Max. Height	(All main and accessory buildings) (See Sec. 25.10.05.b)	Maximum Impervious Surface in Front Yard	Additional Regulations	
R-400	40,960 sq ff	150*	25°	50.	Est, setback up to 100°	.30*	20'	50*	4()*	1.5%	10%		
R-200	20,000 sq ft.	100,	25"	35.	Est, setback up to 100°	25"	13-	35'	40%	25%	20%		
R-150	15,000 sq ft	90°	25"	35*	Est, setback up to 60°	3()*	13.	30)*	40*	25%	25%		
R-90	9,000 sq ft	80*	25°	30*	Est, setback up to 60	20"	11'	25.	35°	25%	30%	See Sec. 25.10.09 for	
R-75	7.500 sq ft	70"	40°	25.	Est, setback up to 50*	20	9°	20.	35'	3.5%	3.5%	limitations on building	
R-60	6,000 sq ft	60'	35°	251	Est. serback up to 50°	207	8*	20'	35"	35%	40%	2000S	
R-60 qualifying undersized lots	5,000 sg fi	507	35*	251	Est, setback up to 50°	20)*	7*	20)	35°	35%	40%	See Sec. 25.08.03	
R-40	4,000 sq. ft.	40"	25 <sup>+</sup>	25~	Est, setback up to 50°	25'	10,	20.	35*	40%	4 5%	Single unit detached dwellings: R-60 standards in lieu of R-40 standards	
Lincoln Park Conservation District	6,000 sq ft	60*	35"	25-	Est. setback up to 50°	20)*	8*	30,	25*	1,500 square feet	40%	See Sec. 25.14.03	

R-90 Zone: buildable lot that is narrower than the minimum may use R-75 sideyard setbacks (Sec. 25.03.03.c.4.(b)(iii)



December 2010 Tree Inventory by E. Cary and P. Perez, City Forester's office

FTPO Significant Tree List including nearby off-site trees, for Lot 23 re-subdivision of lots 14 and 15, PLT2011-00506

(Vacant area is adjacent to 21 Wall Street and appears to be part of this lot.)

Tree # 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Size <sup>1</sup> 28" 22" 38" 16" 13" 20" 22" 18"	Type Maple black cherry black cherry red oak Am. Holly blue spruce Norway spruce Chamaecyparis sp. Chamaecyparis sp.	Condition street fair fair good good good good good good good	Remarks tree leaning off-site co-owned near property line triple
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sizes are shown in approximate D.B.H.





City of Rockville Department of Community Planning and Development Services Historic Preservation Office 111 Maryland Ave. • Rockville, MD 20850-2364 • 240-314-8230 www.rockvillemd.gov/historic



### **APPLICATION FOR**

# HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION (HDC)

PROJECT ID Application is described bel		on: <u>Vev</u> e with the Historic	v Home at 23 District Commission of	Wall Street  Rockville for a Certificati	Ruckulle Le e of Approval for the pi	Operty		
PLEASE PRINT CLEARLY OR TYPE	RAD	23 Vi ldition to Rocki	rall Street  All LOT FART ( TAX ACCOUNT NO.		ROPERTY SIZE (in square leaf)			
APPLICANT*	IAST	and Melis	a 8009 Breth	ren Dr 19,MD 21879	301-980-7794	melissa molle		
PROPERTY OWNER	FIRST LAST LAST		(under contr			hotmail.com		
ARCHITECT Registration # 7403-R	COMPANY  LAST  LAST	Claude C	Layry trout ude Christo,	cts (ROCKHIH,	1 1			
O FENCE		Q MATUR	E TREE REMOVAL	Q CHIMNEY				
3 SIDING/TR	IM	O WINDO	WS/DOORS	☐ MISCELLANEOUS				
SIGNAGE		O ADDITIO	ON	ORDINARY MAIN				
PARKING L	.от	Q ROOFING		NEW CONSTRUCTION				
1 LANDSCAF	ING	ACCESSORY BUILDING		OTHER				
* A letter of autho Description of the p える	roposed work in	brief (attach additions	il sheets as necessary):	is filed by anyone other that Construction of 2 MSD	in the owner. a new home	at		
I hereby certify read and unde	y that I have rstand all pro	the authority to m cedures for filing	ake this application, tha this permit.	t the application is comp	lete and correct and th	at I have		
TO DE Application #: _ Public Hearing		by staff -co.596	Signature of Appli	icant Mushi	The Schaller			
Decision Ap Decision Decision	proved 🔾 Stal mied 🔾 Арр Date:	if Approval proved w/conditions		Accepted by Date: 8/3	John Ziek	4		
Staff reviewer:			AUG 0 3 2  COMMUNITY PLANS AND DEVELOPMENT SE	ILNIG	See reve	rse side evised 3/07		



# City of Rockville Department of Community Planning and Development Services

Historic Preservation Office
111 Maryland Ave. • Rockville, MD 20850-2364 • 240-314-8230
www.rockvillemd.gov/historic



### SUBMITTAL PROCEDURES FOR

## HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION (HDC) CERTIFICATE OF APPROVAL

Each applicant needs to be aware of the following facts about the processing of this application. After reading the following information, please sign below to acknowledge your understanding.

### 1. PRE-APPLICATION MEETING

A pre-application meeting with the historic preservation staff is recommended prior to filing all applications. Please call the preservation office at 240-314-8230 to schedule a meeting with staff.

#### 2. COMPLIANCE WITH GUIDELINES

Projects must comply with the City's *Technical Guides for Exterior Alterations*, available via the Internet at www.rockvillemd.gov/historic/tech-guides.html or in printed form at the Department of Community Planning and Development Services.\*

#### 3. FILING LOCATION

Applications must be filed with the City of Rockville Community Planning and Development Services Department at 111 Maryland Avenue, Rockville, MD. Applications will not be accepted until they are determined to be complete by City staff. The application must be filed by the last Tuesday of the month prior to the scheduled Historic District Commission meeting.

### 4. INSPECTION OF THE PROPERTY

Members of the Historic District Commission and City staff must be given the opportunity to physically inspect the subject property to help them reach a decision on the application. This opportunity must be granted provided that reasonable notice is given for said inspection.

### 5. HEARING/MEETING APPEARANCE

Once the application is complete, staff will set a tentative date for a public hearing by the Historic District Commission. Meetings of the Commission are held on the third Thursday of the month, in the Mayor and Council Chambers at City Hall at 7:00 p.m. The applicant, or a representative designated by the applicant, should be prepared to present his/her case before the Historic District Commission. The applicant will have the opportunity to ask questions and respond to comments at the public hearing. HDC decisions may be appealed to the Circuit Court of Montgomery County.

#### 6. FILING DEADLINES

Applications are due by the last Tuesday of the month preceding the regularly scheduled HDC meeting. A schedule of filing deadlines is maintained by the Planning Division.

#### 7. SIGN

A sign will be posted by the City staff on the property announcing the public hearing by the Historic District Commission approximately one week prior to the meeting.

Applicant's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_\_8b

Date

"In addition to the City's Technical Guides for Exterior Alterations (see #2 above), applicants may also find it useful to consult the following publications:

- The Secretary of the Interior's Standards for Rehabilitation: www.cc.nps.gov/hps/tps/standards/rehabilitation.htm
- The HDC's Adopted Architectural Design Guidelines: www.rockvillemd.gov/historic/guidelines1977.htm

# APPLICATION FOR ROCKVILLE HISTORIC DISTRICT COMMISSION 23 WALL STREET ROCKVILLE, MARYLAND 20850 JAMES AND MELISSA SCHALLER 8/3/2012

### 1. SITE PLAN

- A. LOT DIMENSIONS OF 23 WALL STREET ARE 51' X 140'. 7,140 SQUARE FEET TOTAL.
- B. ATTACHED IS THE PLAT OF 23 WALL STREET AS WELL AS THE HOUSE DIMENSIONS
- C. ATTACHED IS THE PLAT OF 23 WALL STREET WITH THE LOCATION OF A DRIVEWAY, WALKWAY, FENCE, PATIO, ONE CAR DETACHED GARAGE AND PLANTING AREAS
- D. THE AFOREMENTIONED ITEMS ALL HAVE A NORTH ARROW WITH THE DATE AND SCALE OF PLAN

### 2. LANDSCAPING PLAN

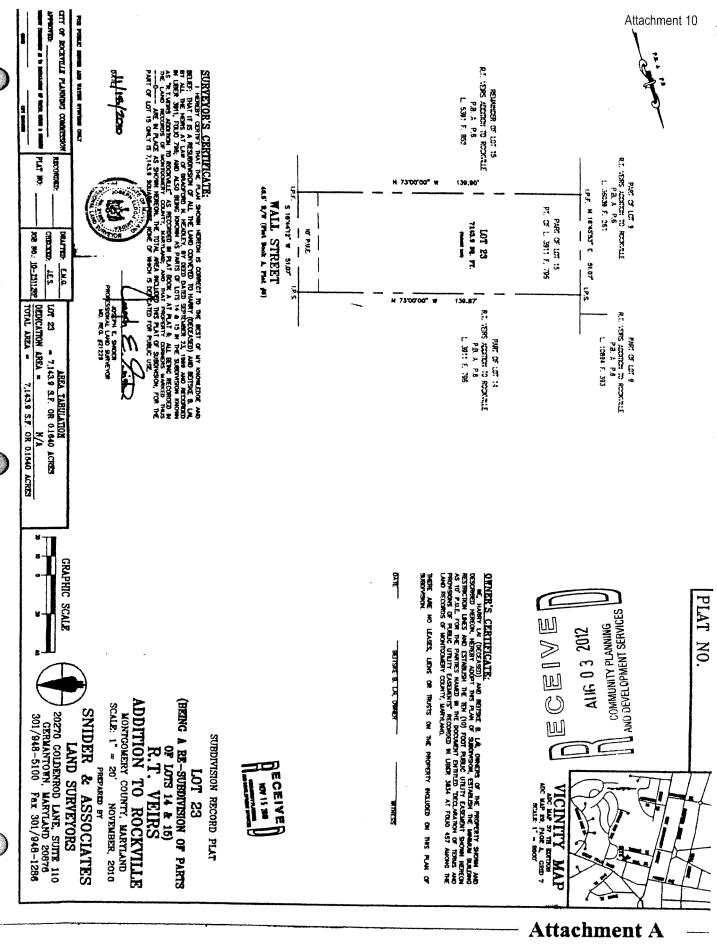
- A. ATTACHED IS THE PLAT OF 23 WALL STREET WITH CURRENT TREE PLACEMENT SKETCHED IN
- B. ATTACHED IS THE PLAT OF 23 WALL STREET WITH CURRENT TREE SPACING INCLUDED
- C. ATTACHED IS THE PLAT OF 23 WALL STREET WITH THE NUMBER AND TYPES OF TREES EXISTING AND PROPOSED
- D. ATTACHED IS THE PLAT OF 23 WALL STREET WITH THE LAYOUT AND DESCRIPTIONS OF PLANTS WE INTEND TO ADD TO THE PROPERTY
- E. ATTACHED IS THE PLAT OF 23 WALL STREET WITH THE HEIGHT AND SPREAD AT INSTALLATION AND AT MATURITY
- 3. <u>ARCHITECTURAL DRAWINGS</u> (INCLUDE NORTH ARROW, DATE, SCALE AND DIMENSIONS)
  - A. THE PROPOSED HOME AT 23 WALL STREET WILL BE 35'HIGH AT THE ROOF. IT WILL BE A TWO STORY HOME AND STAY IN LINE WITH THE HOMES TO THE LEFT AND RIGHT OF THE PROPERTY.
  - B. THE SIDING FOR THE PROPOSED HOME AT 23 WALL STREET WILL BE MADE BY JAMES HARDIE. EACH SECTION IS 12' BY 8 1/2" WITH A 7" EXPOSURE.

- C. THE WINDOWS AND DOORS AT 23 WALL STREET WILL BE MAADE BY THERMATRU AND ANDERSEN. EXTERIOR DOORS WILL BE 3' WIDE BY 6'8" HIGH, AS DESIGNATED ON ARCHITECTURAL PLANS. WINDOWS WILL RANGE FROM 16" HIGH TO 3' WIDE BY 6" HIGH.
- D. THE RAILING DIMENSIONS FOR THE FRONT PORCHES ON THE EXTERIOR OF THE HOME AS WELL AS THE SMALL SIDE STOOP ARE 36" MIN. HEIGHT TO MEET CODE.
- E. THE ROOF PLAN FOR 23 WALL STREET IS AS FOLLOWS: 30 YEAR ASPHALT/FIBERGLASS, ARCHITECTURAL SHINGLE.
- F. THE TRIM FOR 23 WALL STREET WILL 5/4" MAINTAINANCE FREE WOOD LOOK EXTERIOR TRIM.
- G. THE EXTERIOR STAIRS (FOUND AT THE FRONT OF THE HOME AT 23 WALL STREET) WILL BE MADE OF CONCRETE. A POTENTIAL SMALL SET OF STAIRS AT THE REAR OF THE HOME WILL BE MADE OF WOOD AND MAINTAINANCE FREE TRIM OR CONCRETE.
- H. THE EXTERIOR OF THE CHIMNEY AT 23 WALL STREET WILL BE WRAPPED IN SIDING TO MATCH THE HOME AND WILL BE A HEIGHT TO MEET CODE.
  - I. THERE WILL BE NO SIGNS POSTED ON THE PROPERTY ASIDE FROM A POTENTIAL NAME ON A MAILBOX ON THE FRONT STOOP OF THE HOME.

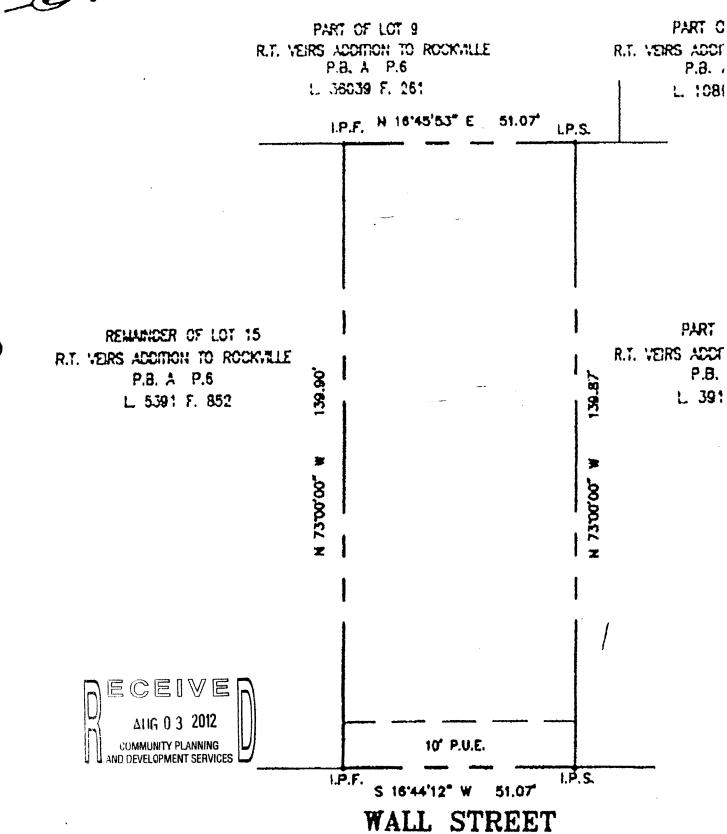
#### 4. PHOTOGRAPHS

PHOTOGRAPHS OF THE EXISTING PROPERTY HAVE BEEN INCLUDED IN THIS REPORT AND CAN BE FOUND IN THE REAR OF THIS BINDER. THEY INCLUDE THE EXISTING BUILDINGS THAT SURROUND THE PROPERTY.

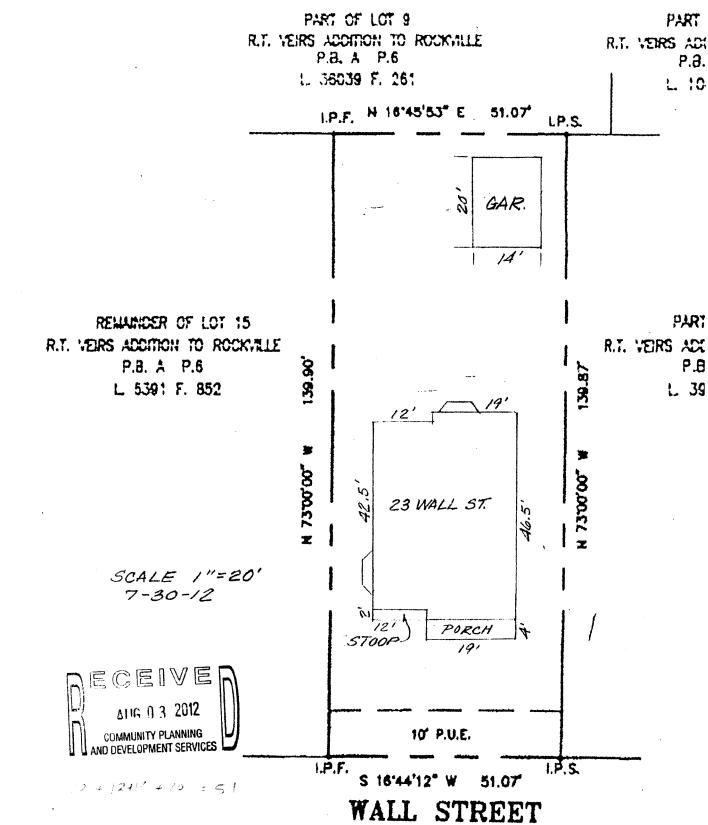
- 5. PRODUCT INFORMATION (COMPOSITION TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE)
  - A. ROOF MATERIALS -30 YEAR ARCHITECTURAL ASPHALT/FIBERGLASS SHINGLE.
  - B. SIDING JAMES HARDIE CEDARMILL
  - C. WINDOWS WOOD AND VINYL
  - D. DOORS FIBERGLASS AND STEEL
  - E. GUTTERS K-STYLE ALUMINUM
  - F. DRIVEWAY PAVED ASPHALT
  - G. WALKWAY POURED CONCRETE
  - H. FLOORING HARDWOOD AND CARPETING
  - I. PATIO POURED CONCRETE
  - J. RAILINGS -MAINTAINANCE FREE, WOOD LOOK, TRADITIONAL PORCH RAIL
  - K. FENCE WOOD
  - L. SIGNS ONLY HOUSE/ADDRESS NUMBERS IN SIZE TO MEET CODE









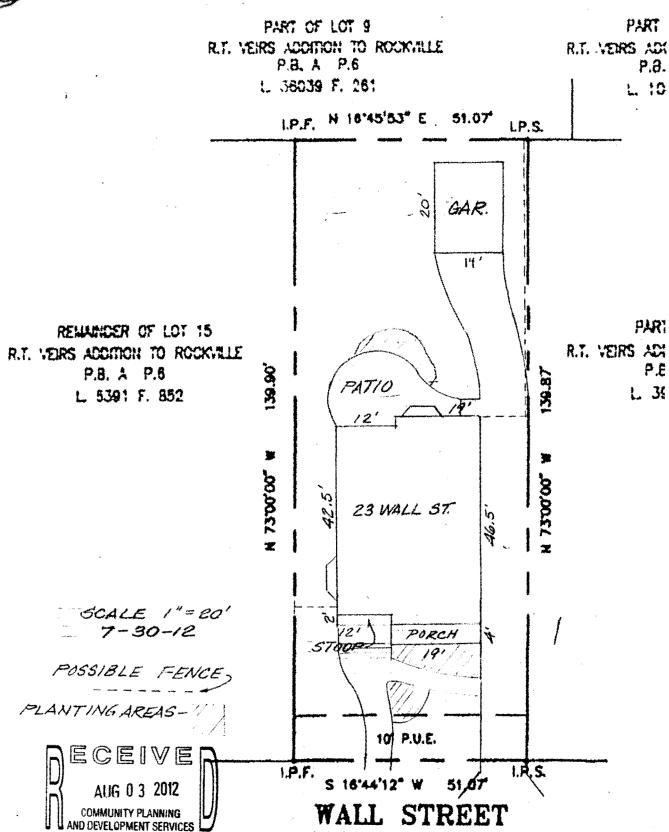


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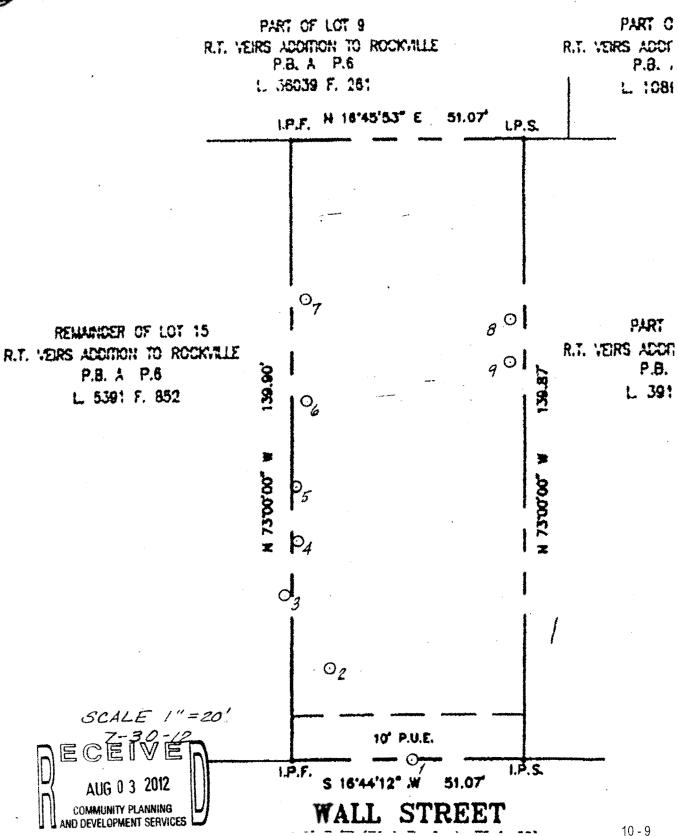
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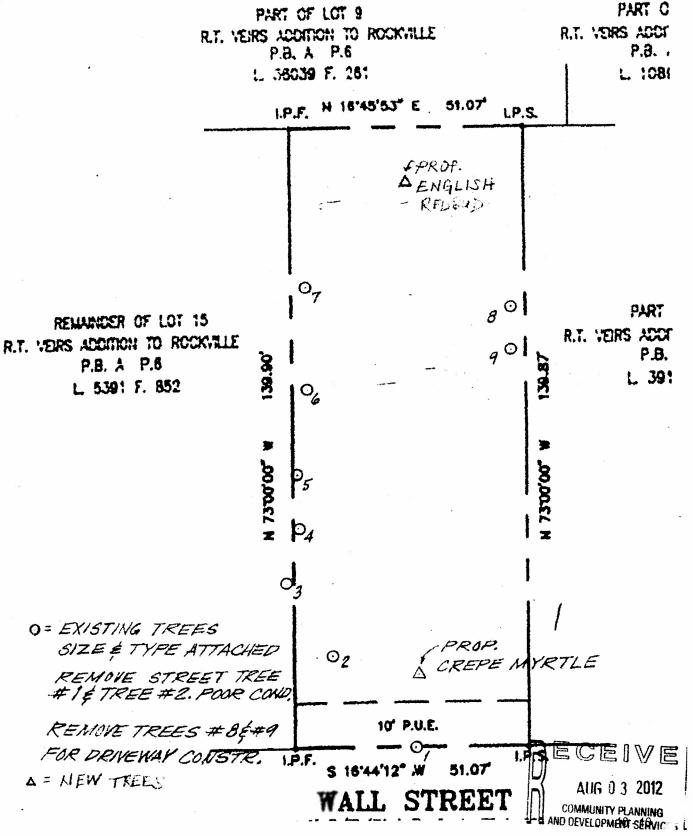


# 2Attachment 10

















December 2010 Tree Inventory by E. Cary and P. Perez, City Forester's office

FTPO Significant Tree List including nearby off-site trees, for Lot 23 re-subdivision of lots 14 and 15, PLT2011-00506

(Vacant area is adjacent to 21 Wall Street and appears to be part of this lot.)

				,
Tree # 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Size <sup>1</sup> 28" 22" 38" 16" 13" 20" 22" 18"	Type Maple black cherry black cherry red oak Am. Holly blue spruce Norway spruce Chamaecyparis sp. Chamaecyparis sp.	Condition street fair fair good good good good good good good goo	Remarks t tree leaning off-site co-owned near property line triple



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Sizes are shown in approximate D.B.H.

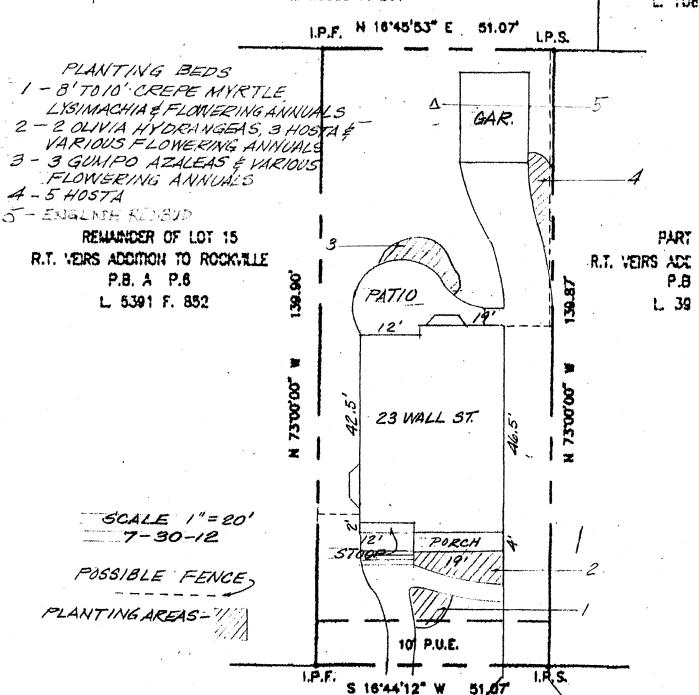
Color

2DTE

PART OF LOT 9
R.T. VEIRS ADDITION TO ROCK/ILLE
P.B. A P.6
L. 36039 F. 261

PART ( R.T. VEIRS ADD P.8.

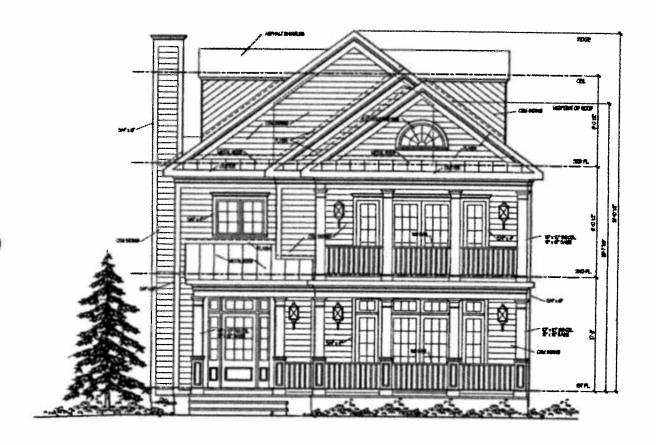
L. 108



WALL STREET

AUG 0 3 2012

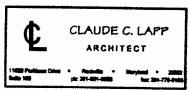
COMMUNITY PLANNING
AND DEVELOPMENT SERVINGS



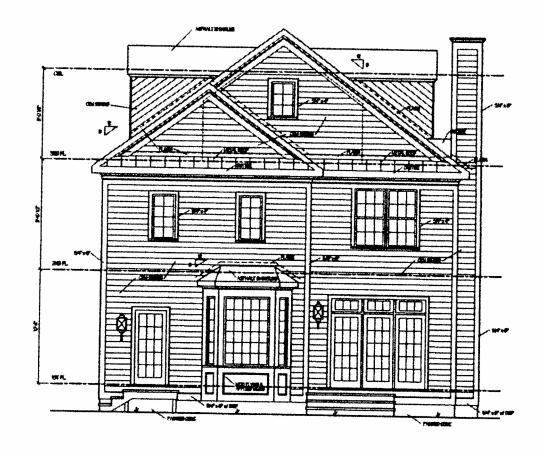
FRONT ELEVATION

23 WALL STREET





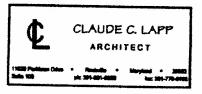
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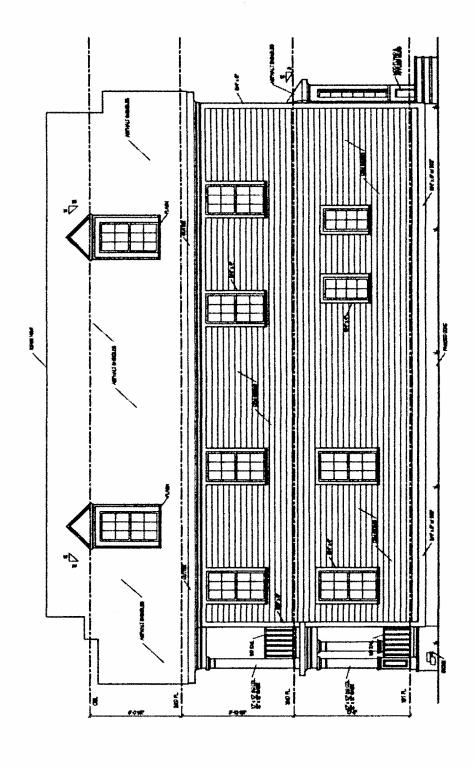
REAR ELEVATION

23 WALL STREET





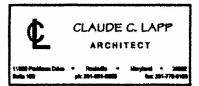
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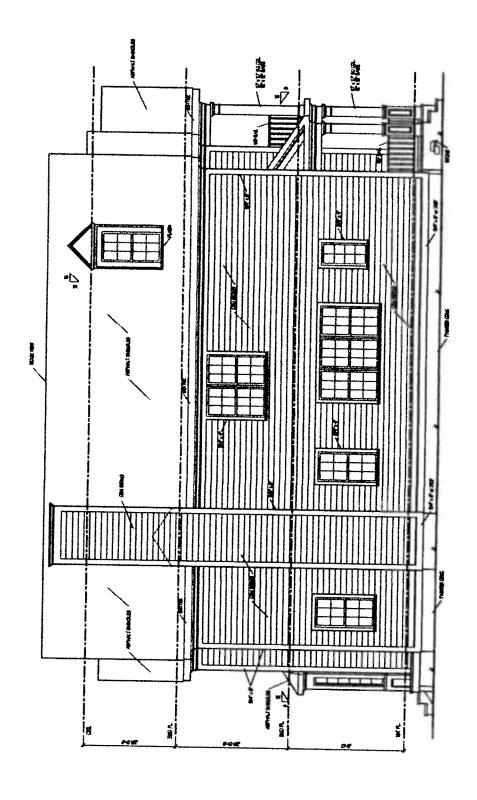
RIGHT ELEYATION

23 WALL STREET





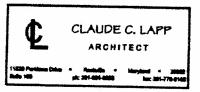
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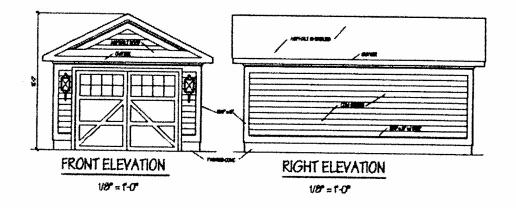


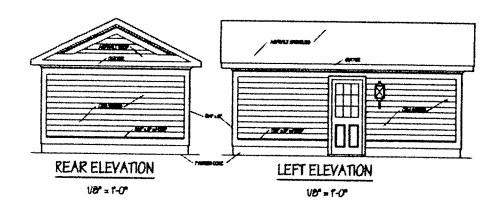
LEFT ELEYATION

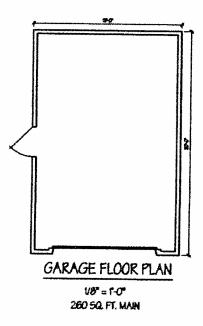
23 WALL STREET



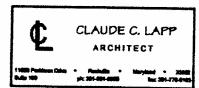


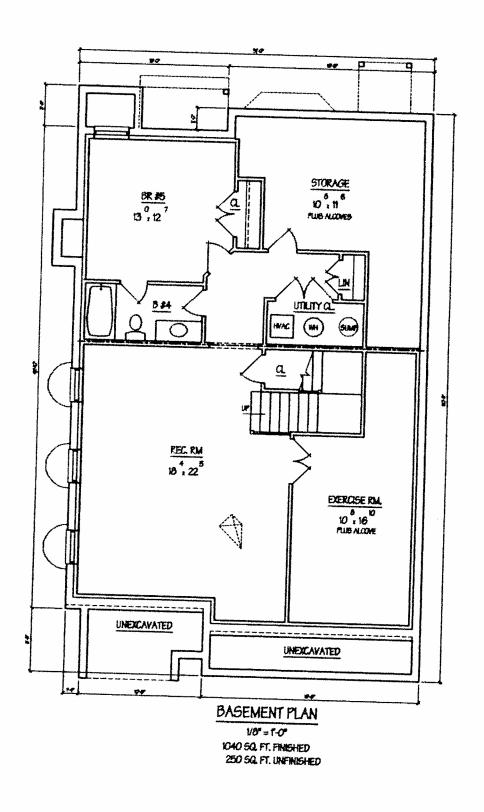






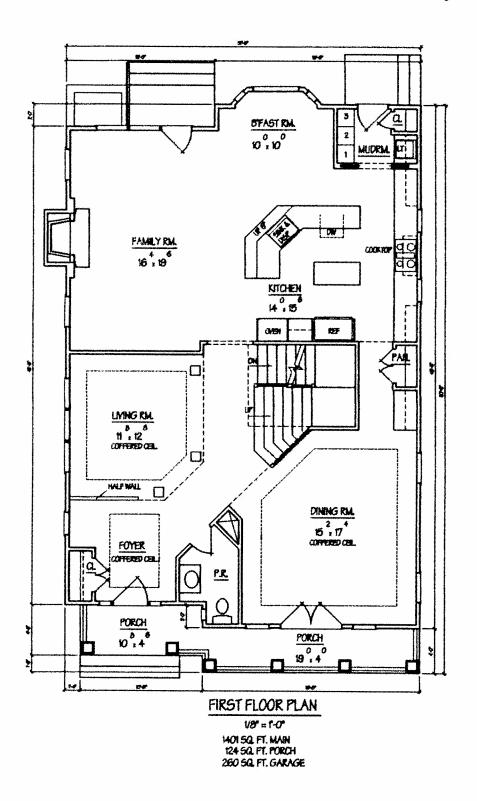




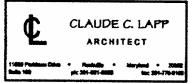




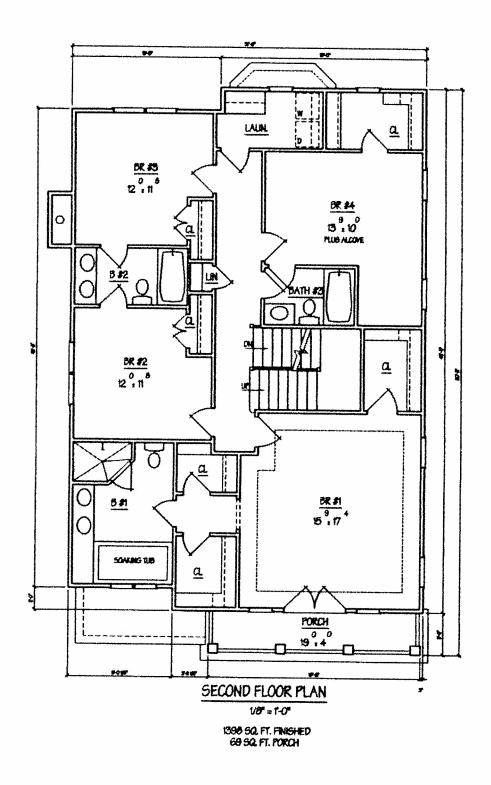






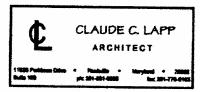


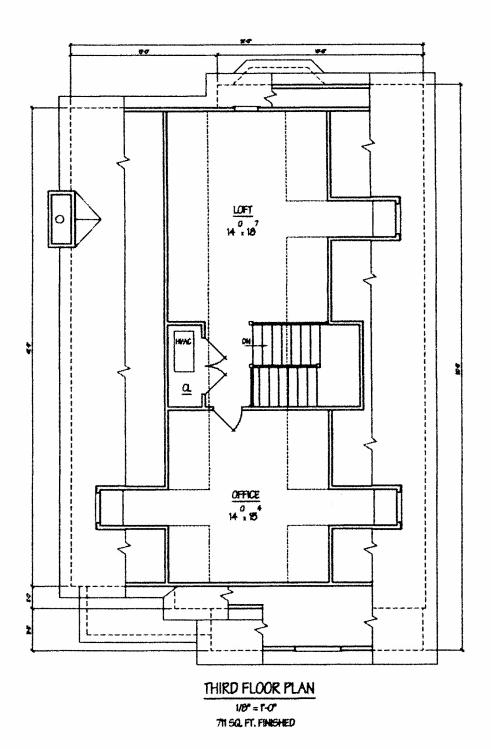
Attachment 10



23 WALL STREET











# PHOTO TAKEN WHILE STANDING ON WALL STREET, LOOKING FROM THE FRONT OF THE LOT TO THE BACK.





# PHOTO TAKEN WHILE STANDING AT THE REAR OF THE LOT AND LOOKING TOWARD WALL STREET.



# PHOTO TAKEN WHILE LOOKING AT THE LEFT SIDE OF THE PROPERTY, FRONT TO BACK, FROM ACROSS WALL STREET.



## PHOTO TAKEN WHILE APPROACHING THE PROPERTY FROM WEST MONTGOMERY AVENUE.



### PHOTO TAKEN WHILE LOOKING ACROSS LOT AT NEIGHBORING HOME AT 25 WALL STREET.



## PHOTO TAKEN WHILE STANDING IN REAR OF LOT, LOOKING ACROSS PROPERTY AT 21 WALL STREET.



### PHOTO TAKEN OF TREES TO BE SAVED BETWEEN 23 WALL STREET AND 25 WALL STREET.



PHOTO OF TREES #1 AND #2 (ACCORDING TO INCLUDED MAP) TO BE REMOVED. ACCORDING TO INCLUDED REPORT, THEY ARE IN POOR CONDITION AND LEANING. ROCKVILLE'S CERTIFIED ARBORISTS AND CERTIFIED ARBORIST ADAM DAS (MD LICENSED TREE EXPERT #1827 AND CERTIFIED TREE RISK ASSESSOR #911) OF SAVATREE IN ROCKVILLE, MD ALL INSPECTED THE TREES AT 23 WALL STREET. TREE #1 IS A STREET TREE.







### 5. PRODUCT INFORMATION (COMPOSITION TO THE BEST OF OUR KNOWLEDGE)

- A. ROOF MATERIALS -30 YEAR ARCHITECTURAL ASPHALT/FIBERGLASS SHINGLE.
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- J. RAILINGS MAINTAINANCE FREE, WOOD LOOK, TRADITIONAL PORCH RAIL
- K. FENCE WOOD
- L. SIGNS ONLY HOUSE/ADDRESS NUMBERS IN SIZE TO MEET CODE

to: Robin Zick

From: Meliusa Millet Schaller

8/22/12

5:21p

7 pages to follow.

Here are the items you reducted

The top shaface of the psech will be concrete | slate.

Acuse can with ourstims!



(DUORS)



## Lincoln Windows & Patio Doors

MANUFACTURING EXCELLENCE SINCE 1947

### **SWING PATIO DOORS**

Dur mont comprehensive door category, swing products are veldely used for rearly every type of project including new construction, ternodeling and light commercial. Swing closes are versable, long-testing and design





PRODUCTE

WOO DOORS

Lincoln Collections

Reviscement Product

ITTORCE Product

New at Unicoto

Thursday Views



Lincoln offers a selection of four exterior collections for partio drops lectualing: aluminum clad, hybrid, primed and natural wood.

#### Soluci an arravian.

- . Dividection Collection
- Identition Collection . Tracitions Collection
- . LURUS Collection
- \* More About Loncoln Connections



#### Styles

#### Tri-Swing Pacie Cloors

Make a statement with Luccier's most popular door pruduct, in swing doors bland with almost every architectural channe and they are fixeredishly stylish. Secure insalapoint hardware makes a Lincoln in-swing door both basenful and strong.

. . . . .

in-swing doors !eature on optimist 6 5/16" excertor expension jarrib. Adjustable hinges are standard (residential) and ball-bearing hinger (light commercial) are available. Easy operating placing screens feature entruded framing for superior altrangers.



#### Out-Swieg Patio Doors

Lincold Out-Suring door products are packed with performance and are the platform for Stormbour impact rated doors. Simply put, the operating said of an out-swing door gets pushed lighter auminet the frame weatherstrip during mosty weather,

Also, by swinging to a buildings autorior this type of door will not create att intertuation to your Interior ofcur. Durable oak thresholds are standard, Optional ADA compliant (low profile) site



#### Franch Swing Patio Dears

A French style swing petio doors' most distinguishable feature is its ability to have both panels operate. Uncoin offers extremely functional in-sening or out-swine models that can be used for passing large objects through. An active panel operated as the primary operator and the passive panel need only be utilized when you want the entire use of the net clear opening.

Our strong three-point hardware system looks creek, locks securely and is available with either a handle activated built or chrone hondrioot builts (durreny handle optional). French doors are invalintle in 2-wide or 4-wide configurations.



#### Radius Yop Swing Fatte Deces

Enhance your home with a little curve appeal from Europen. By unliting a radius top evering patio door in your design, your recomposable a subtle accept that complements aimost any architectural thems.

The recisis option, available in \$1 radios unly, can be used with both In-sleng and Dyt-Swing Patro Doors. Select your radios top option for a single door or use it with our factory multiple-fits combinations for a more dramatic waterness.

Whether viewed from the curb or inside your home, the bende slope of our radius doors have lasting design sopeal.



#### Mid-Rail Sming Fatio Doors

Circoin swing duant can be accessorized by adding a rind real option. Rails may be added at my bright and typically run horizontally. Additional divisions are mode by adding a vertical rail. The spaces created then can be filled with an insulated possible or glass.

Mid raids cars the specified in two strong 4 % or 6 %, and may be used together on the same



#### Panel Bottom Swing Patie Doors

A name option door is defined by inventing a horizontal mid-rad into our swing door panel. This assemblishy tribules in artis that it panel may be



## Lincoln Windows & Patio Doors

MANUFACTURING EXCELLENCE SINCE 1947

#### DOUBLE HUNG WINDOWS

Double fluing windows are wirely occupied because of exordent curb appeal, they are easily in open and uncomplicated to tilt and clean.

Lincoln double hung products may feature helitent colors and grills to create exterior fees that look great hur a conventional building therite. And because we can lever profile sant locks and lift leaches, interiors have an unobstructed view for crisp coametics. Enjoy both traditional exterior inves and beautiful, clean interiorational Lincoln double hung mirelows, for your next project.

Chack out the MIN Quantum DH!

THE CHARTEST SAME DOLLAR HUSS





#### PRODUCTS

Windows

remember Windows

AMERICAN SAMPLING

Double Hung Windows

Gilder Windows

Bay/Bow Windows

Specialty Wingows

Pater Deors

....

Lincoln Cullections 33

Aspiscement Product

Impact Product

vew at lincoln

Timeline Views



Lincoln offers a satection of five exterior collections for windows includings elementum clad, vinel clad, hybrid, primad and natural wood,

#### Select an exteriors

- · Distriction Collection
- HATBORY Collection
   Inducation Collection
- · Tracitions Collection
- · Luxury Collection
- . More About Lincoln Collections



#### Styles

#### Traditional Double Hung Windows

This arrandoment is an eightess window type that others some unique advantages. Such hit is for every cleaning, ventilation is improved by opening the top and bettom sash aqually end datact instorical appeal is achieved when using Lincols double hungs.

Our tradeconal window is equipped with advanced energy saving features. For example, Lincoin double hung checkness incorporate the use of interfoces, weathership and high-quality sesh locks for a precision fit.



#### Radius Top Double Herry Windows

Built as a single himg, Lincoln segment flead and quarter segment windows are part of our double Rune family. By utilizing the same parts and simply fluing the top sash, radius top hung windows can be mitted with traditional double hungs to create sucting elevations.

As with all Lincoln radius shapes, interior time is available for the finishing touch. Segment head windows include a hast acreen.



#### Quantum Double Hung Windows

Searching for a Leafly (kij window? The Lincoln Quantum Double Hung is the answer. Designed for your commercial or historical project, the Quantum Series double hing window is based on

http://www.lincolnwindows.com/double\_hung\_windows collections.html

8/22/2012

a very substantial 5-1/2" jamis. The heavy frame creates a plutform perfect for the very large sizes demanded by today's commercial architecture.

Quantum Double Hung windows are also available in a replacement for package for splacement purposes of existing over-sore windows.

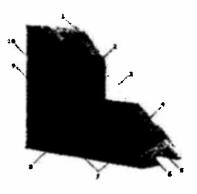
#### The Outgoin Series Double Hung

And everyone in classically Collections.



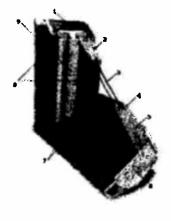
#### Features

#### Double Hang Windows



- 1. 4-9/16" (unit).
- 2. Interior wood glazzing bead.
- 3. 11/16" warm edge Haulbitreg glass.
- 4. 1-7/16" Hack spot
- 5. Westiverstripped at head, mit and checkrost.
- 5. Callular PVC sub set.
- 7. JBO mitruded Sturimum on minh and frame. Visid extenses author 050 extraded FVC vitry). Wood water have primed sach on the exterior with cPVC still, still noting and brickmands.
- 8. Full langen want/sarstrap on jumbiliners.
- 5. (Optional not shown) color reviewed wicenings parasitinal
- 10. Tilt Lasch Jambliners.

#### antum Double Nung Windows



- 1. 5-1/2" jamb.
- 2. 1-14" thick sant.
- 3. 7/8" werm edge inculating gless.
- 4. Interfor pleasing bend.
- 5. Historical 3-1/4" bottom rail.
- 6. 1-2/32" tráck sill with 14° sill angie.
- 7. Mortice and lennon such with putty-glazed style.
- \$. .050 extruded aluminum on stals and frame. Wood units have printed such on the exterior with CPVC sill, sill rissing, blindyage and brichmould
- 9. Heavy foom-backet PVC jambilihars with four black and sacide balarious per saels.

Throne | Connect like | Quality Lance | Lances on Nove | Sales into a Follow Use |



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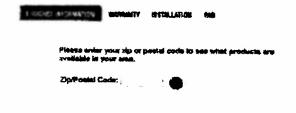




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Hardle-Plankill top eiding is the most popular brand of siding in America and can be found on over 4 million homes. You want the strength, beauty and durability to attract home buyers. Herdle-Plankill siding enhances and protects homes in at kinds of climates—and now, with the <a href="https://www.hardle-provides.siding-with-send-now,">https://www.hardle-provides.siding-with-send-politic participants-siding-sidi

All Hardie-Plank® lap siding comes in a variety of tooks and reduces, all of which are engineered for climate. We are so sure about now well the Herdie Zone system will perform, Hardie-Plank® lap siding comes with a 30-year nonprovided, transferable, limited warranty—our strongest warranty ever to give your customers peace of mind.



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Boral TruExterior™ Trim Is....

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Find Your Bond Product

View Residented Schulons

SOME TRUSTIONS THRE IS CONSIDER AN ARTERNATION, CONSIDER OF CHOCOSING EXERTOR WITH WHILL Official phierizamental partitionation, commencation workshiply, and a basing block widhout the lambaliums their plaque other exterior trans-

View Commercial Solutions

View Suspinede Solutions

Its mathemia Puly-usin envisions in the beam developed from meetly 6 years of reporture internal and 3rd party festing. Menuflectured by combining proprietary bin-hossed polysees cheresely and coal conduction products [ash]; which add a lovel of inest properties with verturity ne incustion opcing, maleng it ideal for extense two applications. Consisting of more than 70% recycled of repidly remains materials. Trubismore from a cooling the represent in true successionly and developmental statementarials. Trubismor from a just the choice for your next home project or unterior

Boral TruExterior Trim... An excultors natural even alternative

Like Wood, Trailination Tries...

- » Its easy to inerade (ern lar weight)
- in cars on premierd any color with evidence grade letter paint
- # is coverable with the dubbanks wood grain and seconds wood
- · is away to cut, rouse, drift stud rolls
- w that he installed with the battle town

Unide Wood, Trudining Tries ...

- \* Iron exceptional durability
- is resistant to suiting, crediting, spikting and virtually tree from terminal.
- a cities excellent workshipy

Unitine Mont Other Exterior Trive Products (such as word compactor, pher compact, or viey! / PVC), TISExterior Trive...

- Hainlains a high level of dwinnicinal stability during periods of inclusive and femperature change.
- is approved for ground oursing
- does not require emit-peeting, special achimieres or reiner outsideracine and coeffy installation techniques.
- old the painted any color

Please see Dural Trudisseror Erm Lattitud Warrardy and Product Data Unadia for puspinessry test moute:

>TruEnterter Trien Warrancy

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Tru Exterior Trus Resources

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**Technical Independen** 

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Product Comparisons
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PRODUCTS TECHNICAL REPORTE ASSOCIATE WHITE TO BUY NEWS & EVENTS CALLERY CHAPK SLATOR

may vergatex? . Scrip Blacoers clime and historic vormanyy have in america testancharis eigor

### ABOUT VERSATEX

ALVERBATEX Transports we make that enterior. Our products are cleaned from column PVC in the most observed the art manufacturing facility in the incomment occurry years, past with fact war manufacturing process or product that become the roat least and are manufacturing process.

PVC in the most observed that are manufacturing facility in the products of products and are manufacturing process. It, dreet, contratement. The breatest profites, salli system, VETSANJERAN, mounting profites as well as my pyrouses desails. That Sy Armicanas, artes, autocaments. Late moment present, man symme, various/prover; moments provide an a ch introductional soft the highest inset of quality and harboring a fully introduced 30-year helical interests. Our Company

As a company, VERMATEX to Forested, Experimental & Approximation. Our forest to the column PVC Internation, our attention in increasing landonship quinting for increasing Consider PVL also arrange, mar energies to anticolous a Material quantity schools to material product analysis for our huddows and confunctions. VERSATEX also have a highly emperature formation and sold over 30-years to the PVC building produces including. The interappeared beam player as an appearance invoke of curving and duality for our designation. Yor, VIERENTEX remains automobily approvements. We place a high without in fact where med marching quality to Part resede.



#### **PRODUCTS**



NEWS & EVENTS



WHERE TO BUY



MOBILE SITE/ VIDEOS



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NORRE SITE MAP CUSTOMER LOGIN CONTACT US